

### **Our Team**

The East Africa Markets consultants is constituted of select personnel from The East Africa Market Development Associates (EAMDA). EAMDA is a limited liability company domiciled in Kenya as a consulting and development project implementation firm with coverage across the Eastern Africa region. Founded in 2013, the firm undertakes both short and long-term project design and implementation engagements with expertise in agricultural economics, livestock production and trade; horticulture and crop production systems, agro-enterprise development, business development service provision, project design and management, among others. Below is a pictorial of our team and our respective roles.





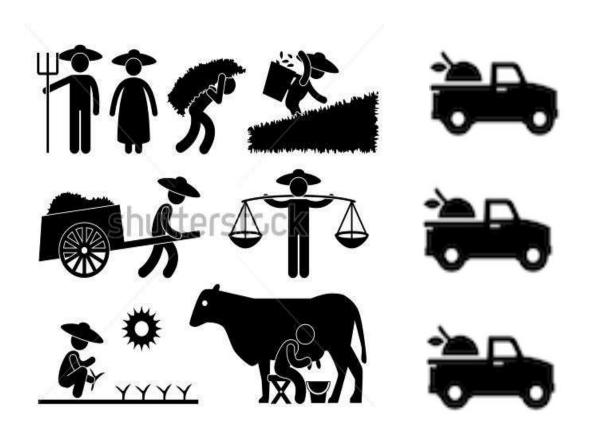




SUBIRA MUKAMI Associate

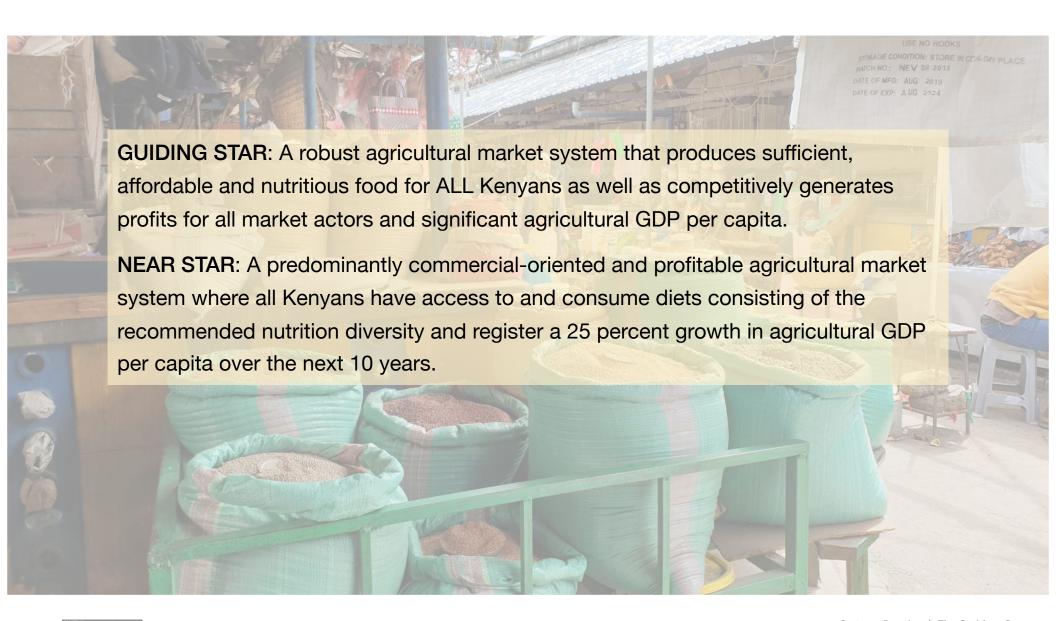
## **OUR SYSTEMS CHALLENGE**

- The systems challenge we hope to tackle is: Shallow agricultural markets in Kenya
- Because: Kenya has had numerous interventions aimed at putting in place effective agricultural markets in the country. Smallholder farmers however remain poor with limited sustained access to profitable markets and agricultural trade registering dismal volumes and value gains in a limited range of agricultural products.



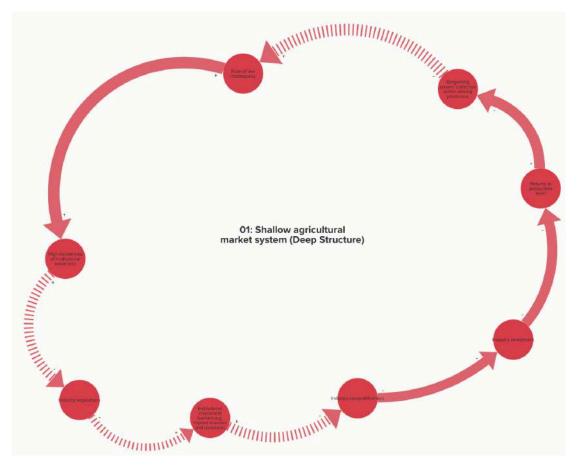


## **OUR NEAR STAR and GUIDING STAR**

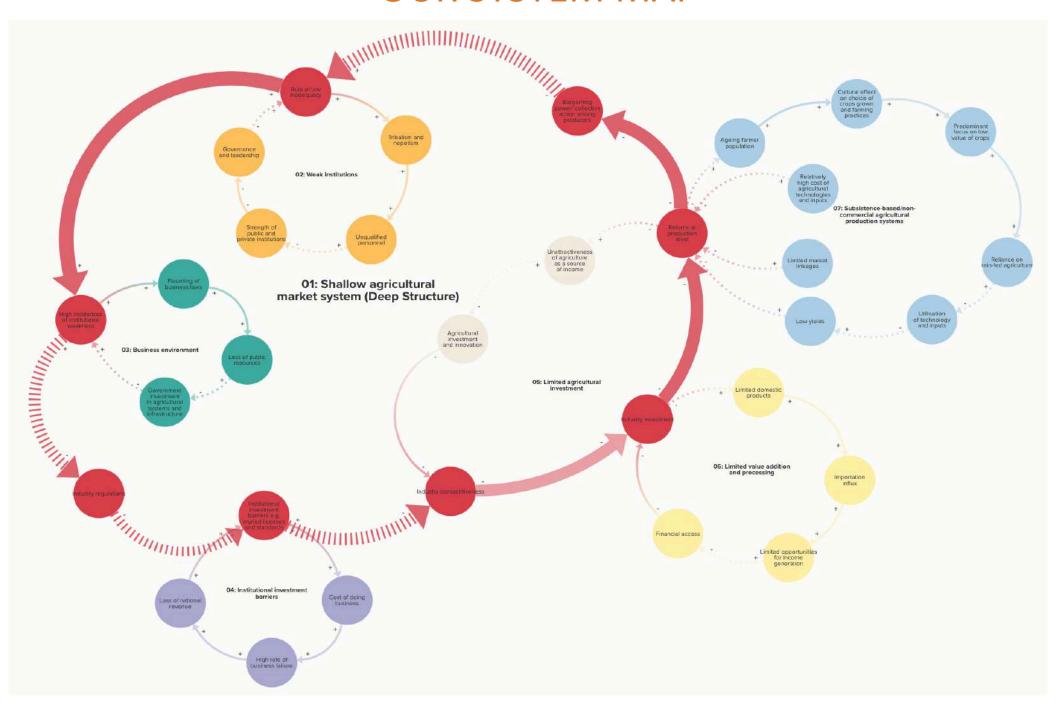


## **OUR DEEP STRUCTURE**

Kenya's agricultural market system sector is characterized by rampant corruption that breeds rule of law inadequacy and high incidences of institutional weakness. This results in unfavorable industry regulations that intensify institutional investment barriers which consequently diminishes industry competitiveness thus hindering industry investment. As a result, agriculture presents low returns at production level thereby perpetually entrenching non-commercial production systems. This reduces bargaining power at production level and exacerbates the inadequacy of the agricultural market system's rule of law.

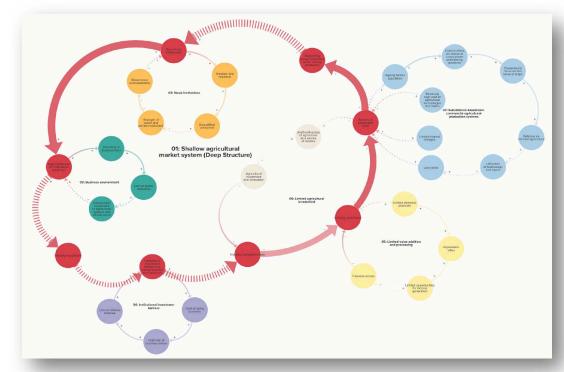


# **OUR SYSTEM MAP**



### OUR INSIGHTS FROM STAKEHOLDERS

- It was recommended that the team reduces wordiness to make the map's communication more direct such as the use of nouns to name variables and use of arrows and signs (+ve or -ve) to convey action. The team however did not make significant changes given the sentiments that the elaborate loop labelling enhances understanding of the system factors.
- The system map enhances comprehension of complex system forces and elements, though the team was reminded that the system is dynamic and thus the system mapping process is never complete.
- Loop 5 on limited agricultural investment was changed from stagnating to a vicious loop based on stakeholder feedback



## **OUR INITIAL SYSTEM STRATEGY**

#### **Our Story**

The system map has revealed that several key loops are frozen as a consequence of long-term dependency on smallholder production systems in Kenya. This farming practice does not support commercially sustainable agricultural activities and often requires the intervention of governments and donors through subsidies. E.g. (Ref. Loop 7).

Although Loop 6 (Value addition and processing) has been identified as having pent-up energy, the team has observed that there is need to introduce an additional loop that delves into resolving the sustainable commercial production issue. This is informed by the fact that processing alone may not adequately resolve the competitiveness question owing to high production costs at farm and aggregation levels.

### **Strategy**

It is proposed that a key strategy to arrive at our Near Star (A predominately commercially and profitable agricultural market system with potential to register a 25% growth in Agricultural GDP per-capita over the next 10 years) is the active engagement/involvement of medium and large-scale farmers. This has the potential to enhance competitiveness and economies of scale (reduced cost of raw material/commodities for processing).

### **Impact**

The overdependence on small-holder production systems will be weakened by a shift to medium and large-scale farming.

Ripple effects in the medium term might contribute to:

- Increased production of high value crops
- Increased crop yields per acre/production unit
- · Reduced costs of commodities for consumption and or onward processing
- Increased processing and associated revenue generation
- Increased availability of affordable food
- Import substitution

#### Team capacity to deliver and engage stakeholder

- I. Design a largescale farming system model for piloting.
- II. Socialize the model among social-impact and venture capital firms.
- III. Promote the adoption of modern processing technologies

# **OUR SYSTEMS PRACTICE MOVING FORWARD**

